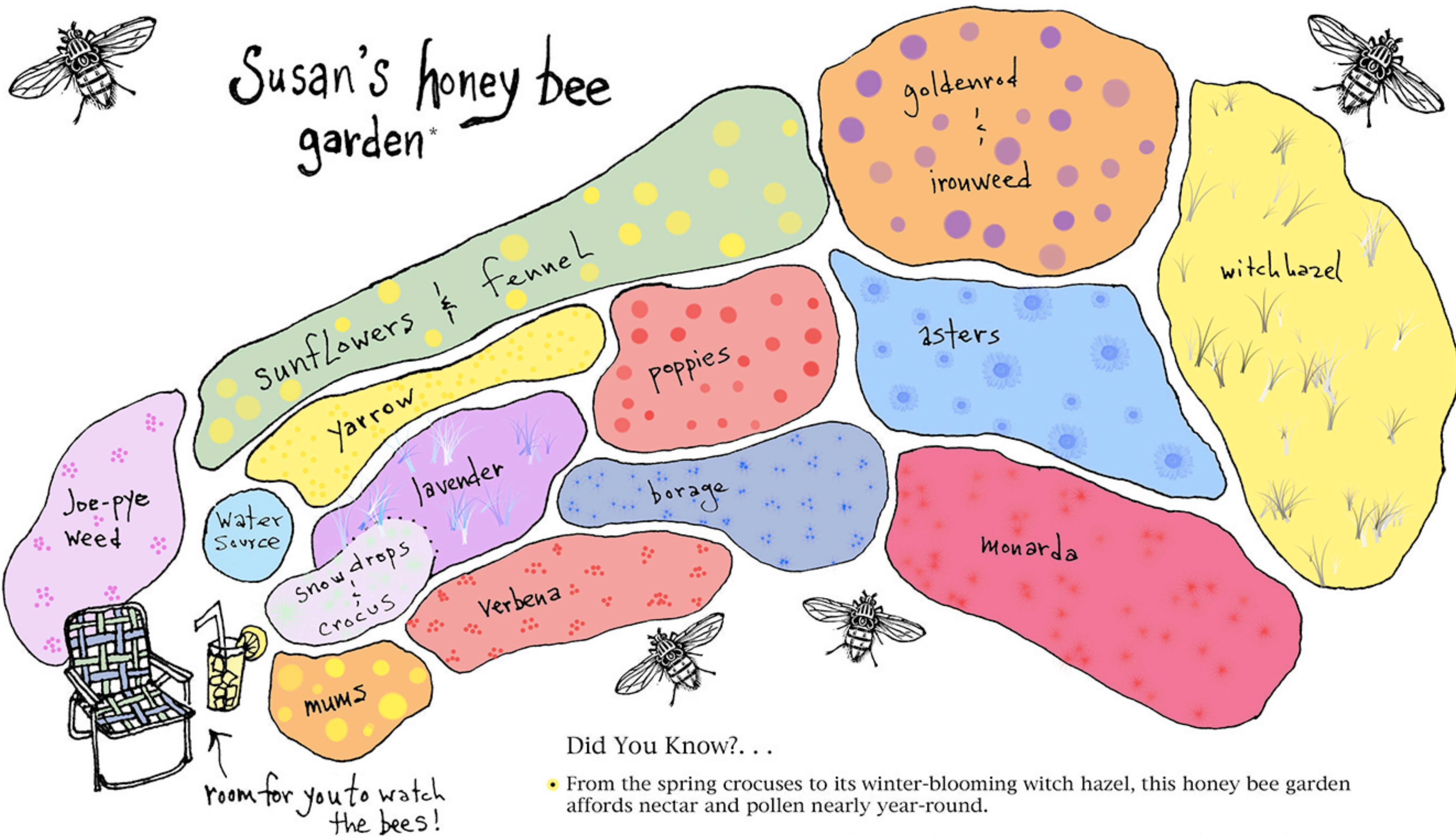




Susan's honey bee garden*



Did You Know?...

- From the spring crocuses to its winter-blooming witch hazel, this honey bee garden affords nectar and pollen nearly year-round.
- These plants are arranged by height--although some varieties you find may be taller or more compact than others. When choosing varieties, pick heirlooms over hybrids, since heirlooms often have more insect-sustaining pollen and nectar than hybrids do.
- Plant large swaths of the same flower variety to counteract the negative effects air pollution and landscape fragmentation have had on the floral scent trails insects use to find food.
- Bees need water just like we do. Set out a large saucer or bird bath, and, so that the bees have sure footing, add lots of pebbles, seashells, or marbles.