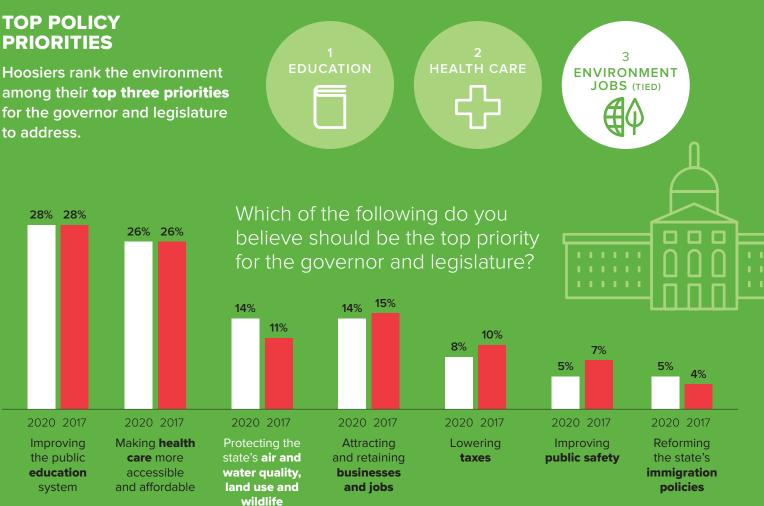
HOOSIERS' ATTITUDES AND OPINIONS ABOUT ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

In March 2017 and in January 2020, the Nina Mason Pulliam Charitable Trust enlisted the independent Morrison Institute for Public Policy at Arizona State University to survey a representative sample of registered Indiana voters to gauge attitudes toward and beliefs about the environment and environmental protection.

TOP POLICY PRIORITIES

among their top three priorities for the governor and legislature to address.



of Hoosiers say, "Protecting the environment should be given priority, even at the risk of slowing economic growth."



of Hoosiers say Indiana's parks, preserves, forests and open spaces are very important to them.



HOOSIERS' TOP ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS

Indiana voters are very or somewhat concerned about the following environmental issues:



Pollution in rivers, lakes and reservoirs

46% very concerned 42% somewhat concerned



81%

Protection of the state's wildlife

40% very concerned 41% somewhat concerned



77%

Air quality in the state's cities and large towns

29% very concerned 48% somewhat concerned



75%

Greenhouse gas emissions from coal-fired power plants

40% very concerned 35% somewhat concerned



74%

Vehicle air emissions

30% very concerned 44% somewhat concerned



69%

Pollution from concentrated animal feeding operations

32% very concerned 37% somewhat concerned



68%

Land-use policies

22% very concerned 46% somewhat concerned

PERCEPTIONS SURROUNDING CLIMATE CHANGE

76% of Hoosiers believe the earth's average temperature is rising.

Of those who believe the earth's temperature is rising, 79% say they believe climate change is primarily the result of human activity.

50%

of Indiana voters believe Indiana has experienced an increase in rain and flooding over the past 10 years. 69%



of Hoosiers agree or strongly agree **climate change** is one of the **most serious problems** facing the world today.

HOOSIERS' INTENSITY OF CONCERN ABOUT THE ENVIRONMENT IS INCREASING

80%

of voters in 2020 believe environmental issues facing Indiana, such as water and air quality, land and water use, and wildlife protection are serious or very serious and need to be addressed immediately. Up from 75% in 2017.



WATER SUPPLY AND WATERWAY HEALTH

What Hoosiers agree or strongly agree about Indiana's water and waterways:

69% Indiana's waterways are polluted and need to be cleaned up.

89% Healthy, unpolluted waterways increase the state's property values.

Healthy, unpolluted waterways increase the state's property value

51% Indiana's waterways are well maintained.

81% Indiana's waterways are easily accessible to the general public.

79% Hoosiers take personal pride in Indiana's waterways.

58% Indiana's drinking water is healthy and unpolluted.

63% The White River is polluted and needs to be cleaned up.

Does Indiana have enough water to cover 47% 19% all its needs for the next 50 years? YES NO

Water priorities in 2020

When asked to assume water supply for home use is the first priority, half of Indiana voters said water for agriculture is second priority (50%) and one-third (35%) said sustaining flows for rivers and wildlife is third.



home use



2 agriculture



3
sustaining
flows for rivers
and wildlife

Other choices were water for:

More development and new homes (8%) New industries in the state (5%) Landscaping, swimming pools and non-essential home uses (2%)

34%

DON'T KNOW

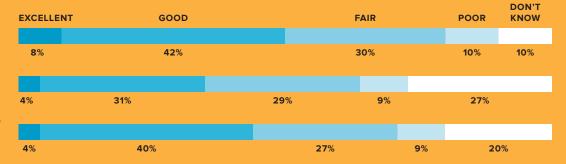
VOTERS' VIEWS ABOUT GOVERNMENT AND POLICIES

How do Hoosiers rate the state government's:

Protection of the state's wildlife

Long-term plan to protect and preserve its **water supply**

Plan to ensure a high level of water quality for residential use and consumption





More than 6 in 10

Indiana registered voters believe the **governor and legislature** should require regulation to **reduce greenhouse gases.** 63%

of voters feel Indiana should do more to develop alternative energy sources, such as solar and wind power.



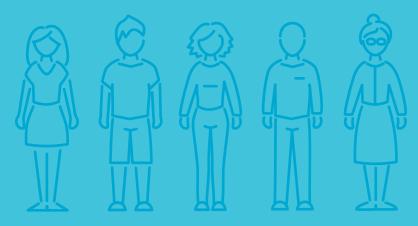




strongly agree that the **federal government** needs to do more to combat climate change.



strongly agree the state government needs to do more to combat climate change.



SURVEY METHODOLOGY AND REPORT

For both the 2017 and 2020 surveys, a representative sample of 800 registered voters were polled. The sample was designed to match the political and demographic characteristics of Indiana according to the most recent voter data. The surveys were conducted by phone and were presented in English and Spanish. Each poll has a +/- 3 percentage point margin of error and the results were analyzed at a confidence level of 95%, meaning it is unlikely that the attitudes and opinions of Hoosiers fall outside the polls' margins of error.

To read the full survey reports, and for a digital version of this document, visit ninapulliamtrust.org/environmental-polls.





NINA MASON PULLIAM CHARITABLE TRUST

The Nina Mason Pulliam Charitable Trust seeks to help people in need, especially women, children and families; to protect animals and nature; and to enrich community life, primarily in metropolitan Phoenix and Indianapolis.

The Trust focuses its environmental efforts on protecting, restoring and maintaining critical waterways, open spaces and wildlife habitat, and increasing awareness of environmental issues in Arizona and Indiana, the states where we invest.



Building a Legacy of Community Grantmaking since 1998

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